Variant 5

*1.Употребите глагол, данный в скобках, в нужной форме действительного залога.*

1. I went to John's room and (to knock) at the door. 2. Jill is an experienced teacher. She (to teach) for 15 years. 3. We decided not to go there because it (to rain) hard. 4. Mary (to go) for a swim after work every Friday. 5. I promise I (to wait) for you at the bus stop at 5 o’clock. 6. We (not/to see) each other since we were children. 7. I thought where I (to see) him before. 8. Don’t disturb me now. I (to work) on my report. 9. Tom usually (to read) morning newspapers at breakfast. 10. What Jim (to know) about this story?

*2. Передайте следующие предложения в Passive Voice.*

1. The Chinese invented printing. 2. They will rise the prices soon. 3. The ambulance took the woman to hospital. 4. My mother taught me to swim. 5. They usually finish their work at 4 p.m. 6. They will sack me if I don’t do my work properly. 7. They are building a new bridge across the river. 8. I cannot explain that mystery. 9. She has just lost one of her gloves. 10. The police had arrested the thief before he left the town.

*3. Определите в следующих предложениях время, форму и залог. Задайте*

 *по 3 вопроса к каждому предложению.*

1. Nick found a wallet in the street yesterday. 2. Julia was invited to the party last Sunday. 3. Jack will learn the poem tomorrow. 4. Val is writing a test paper now. 5. Jenny always helps her mother about the house. 6. Helen was watching a soap opera yesterday at 5 o’clock.

1. *Употребите прилагательные, данные в скобках, в нужной степени сравнения.*

1. Jack isn’t as (old) as he looks. 2. You spend (much) money than me. 3. We stayed at (cheap) hotel in the town. 4. It was one of (enjoyable) holidays we’ve ever had. 5. In my opinion, this chair is (comfortable) than that one. 6. Which day was (happy) day of your life? 7. Yesterday the weather was (hot) than today. 8. That hole in your pullover is getting (big). 9. The prices are (cheap) here than anywhere else. 10. - Is your headache better? - No, it’s (bad) than before.

1. *Переведите следующие предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на конструкции типа the more …the less.*

1. The more goods you sell, the more profit you make. 2. The longer I waited, the more impatient I became. 3. The more tired you are, the more difficult it is for you to concentrate your attention. 4. The more you read, the more you know. 5. The less you eat fat food, the healthier you are. 6. The more you walk, the easier for you to keep fit. 7. The richer he gets, the more friends he has. 8. The more popular he became, the less time he spent with us.

Текст

**Прочитайте и переведите текст на русский язык. Задайте по содержанию текста 3 вопроса и дайте ответы на свои вопросы.**

**The First Cinema Films**

One of the first cinema films was made by Edison, but the intervals between his photographic exposures were too short - about forty-eight photographs taken (and shown) to the second. The human eye could not see them so fast and the movements therefore appeared very jerky. This made the eyes tired.

When Edison's machine was brought to France to show films, it was seen there by Auguste and Louis Lumiere. These two brothers soon made a camera and projector that worked at about 16 photographs per second. This reduced the jerkiness very much, and in December 1895 the Lumiere brothers gave the worlds's first real cinematograph show. Their film was called *The Arrival of a Train at a Station.* The film was so good that some of the audience almost expected the train to rush out at them from the screen.

In 1903 one of Edison's cameramen made a new long picture. It was called «The Life of an American Fireman». People liked it and asked for more; and so more films of this kind were made. More cinemas were built.

These first films had no sound. When it was necessary, printed words were thrown on the screen to explain what was happening or what people were saying. Usually music was played during the showing of a film. If the film was showing moonlight on the sea, the music was gentle and sweet. If there was a fight or a storm, the music was loud and noisy.